These case studies provide practical examples of how secondary schools have established themselves as high value-add schools in literacy and numeracy. Each of these schools achieved significantly above average value-add for student progress from Year 7 to Year 9, and from Year 9 to Year 12. They are operational examples for schools to draw lessons from to apply to their own unique context.

Tailored teaching
- Numeracy strategy adapts targets to individual student need. This approach gives student discrete and achievable tasks, and regular and frequent feedback.
- Three dedicated part-time numeracy School Learning Support Officers (SLSOs) (former high achieving students from Fairvale) analyse data and develop materials that target individual student needs.
- School significantly improved its value-add by focusing on the middle 90% of students. Low-performing students receive specialist support and high performers engage in more self-directed learning.

Data-driven
- NAPLAN data was used to establish a baseline of who and what to target (e.g. numerical literacy). The Head of Maths (an HSC Senior Marker) helped shape how.
- The school put NAPLAN data on SENTRAL so teachers could see class performance.
  - Every child mapped on the Continuum.
  - Teachers use internal testing to monitor and adapt to students’ need.
  - The school appointed a Secondary Studies Head Teacher who is responsible for all data analysis.

Leadership intensity
- Maths Faculty takes clear ownership for numeracy performance and acknowledges its responsibility for outcomes.
- School leaders know students’ numeracy (and literacy) backgrounds to shape targeted learning.
- The Principal regularly collaborates with the school district’s principals network to share professional learning and high impact teaching strategies.

Professional learning
- Head Teacher Mentor has been appointed to improve teachers’ use of data and deliver other professional learning.
  - The school has invested in building significant leadership opportunities for staff across all levels to empower them to drive change, such as the Head Teacher Secondary Studies, and the Head Teacher Mentor.

Fairvale produces double the proportion of high achievers in NAPLAN Numeracy compared to similar schools

Fairvale delivers its success by its consistent and relentless focus on literacy and numeracy, and committing to their approach over time

WHERE TO NEXT?
Continue improving data collection by triangulating NAPLAN with internal testing data. Spread tailored numeracy strategy and approach to other Head Teachers and the whole staff via professional learning at staff meetings and professional learning days.
Fairvale’s approach to literacy has evolved over time. Historically, it had a strong emphasis on both specific and embedded teaching, but this waned due to personnel changes. The school has promptly responded to a drop in performance by implementing specific literacy teacher roles and direct teaching: ‘If we wanted it to work we needed to resource things well’.

**LITERACY-FOCUSED PROFESSIONAL LEARNING**

- Head Teachers attend external training programs in strategic literacy throughout the school.
- Literacy is included as a key component of every staff development day.
- Early career and new teachers participate in Induction which familiarises them with the school’s particular literacy framework.
- Literacy is seen as “everybody’s job and everybody’s business”.

**DATA USE TO MONITOR PROGRESS AND TAILOR TEACHING**

- The school uses SMART data to identify key weaknesses and teachers respond with direct lessons in relevant skills.
- The school monitors performance with four pre- and post-unit assessments per year, and maps student performance against the reading continuum.

**SPECIFIC RESOURCING**

- The school employs a Head of Literacy and 3 staff members who teach literacy in addition to their other subjects.
- The school delivers intensive marking and meaningful feedback over a number of years. They use a standardised feedback sheet across year levels and Key Learning Areas (KLAs) to provide consistent feedback to students on progress across multiple domains divided between ‘what went well’ and ‘areas to improve’.
- The school prioritises specific time for reading and building literacy skills.

**WHERE TO NEXT?**

Spread specific literacy focus through other KLAs. For example, over the next year literacy teachers will move into different faculties and help teachers further embed good literacy practice.

**CRITICAL SUCCESS FACTORS**

Principal and school leadership view

- Consistent and detailed progress monitoring for individual students that adjusts strategies based on regular and frequent feedback.
- High expectations co-ordinators in every Faculty support development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of course-specific goal setting for students, and faculty-specific feedback procedures, study skills, and procedures to analyse internal assessment data.
- Year advisors are explicitly responsible for student engagement; they’re given dedicated timetabled periods in which to do so.

“Consistent and detailed progress monitoring for individual students that adjusts strategies based on regular and frequent feedback.”

Principal

“High expectations co-ordinators in every Faculty support development, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of course-specific goal setting for students, and faculty-specific feedback procedures, study skills, and procedures to analyse internal assessment data.”

Maths Head Teacher

“Year advisors are explicitly responsible for student engagement; they’re given dedicated timetabled periods in which to do so.”

**RESOURCES AND LINKS**


**For training high-expectations co-ordinators and developing their approach:**

Hattie’s Visible Learning and CESE’s What Works Best publication.