Stage 4 technology mandatory

## Nutrients and food for health

### Student booklet

#### 2 week continuity of learning lessons



Image from [Pixabay](https://pixabay.com/photos/vegetables-garden-harvest-organic-790022/) (CC 4.0)

## Outcomes

**Agriculture and Food Technologies**

**TE4-1DP** designs, communicates and evaluates innovative ideas and creative solutions to authentic problems or opportunities

**TE4-6FO** explains how the characteristics and properties of food determine preparation techniques for healthy eating

**Students:**

* investigate the characteristics and properties of a variety of nutritious foods
* explore the nutritional needs of a group of people, for example adolescents, toddlers
* develop criteria to evaluate design ideas, processes and solutions, the functionality, aesthetics and a range of constraints, for example accessibility, cultural, economic, resources, safety, social, sustainability, technical
* plan nutritious dish(es) to suit a group within society
* identify a range of food preparation techniques and analyse the impact on nutrient value
* investigate and communicate how a recipe can be improved to enhance nutritional value, and justify the recipe adjustment
* evaluate the effectiveness and suitability of choices made during the development and production of the solution
* assess the solution against the predetermined criteria
* interpret and visualise data using a range of software to create information

[Technology Mandatory 7-8 Syllabus](https://educationstandards.nsw.edu.au/wps/portal/nesa/k-10/learning-areas/technologies/technology-mandatory-7-8-new-syllabus) © NSW Education Standards Authority (NESA) for and on behalf of the Crown in right of the State of New South Wales, 2017

## Lesson outlines

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson | Section |
| 1 | * Nutrients – what are they? * The Australian guide to healthy eating * The Australian dietary guidelines |
| 2 | * Recommended dietary intake * Spreadsheet * Own dietary intake * Diet analysis |
| 3 | * Successful menu planning * Meal planning for adolescents |
| 4 | * Food processing and nutrition |
| 5 | * Recipe analysis and modification |

## Nutrients – what are they?

There are [6 essential nutrients](https://www1.health.gov.au/internet/publications/publishing.nsf/Content/canteen-mgr-tr1~nutrients) that the body needs to function properly. Nutrients are compounds in foods vital to life and health, providing us with energy, the building blocks for repair and growth and substances necessary to regulate chemical processes.

In the space below, list the 6 essential nutrients.

|  |
| --- |

What food groups are the primary sources of each of the essential nutrient groups? Answer in the table below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Nutrient | Primary food sources |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## The Australian guide to healthy eating

What is the purpose of the [Australian guide to healthy eating](https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/guidelines/australian-guide-healthy-eating)? Answer in the space below.

|  |
| --- |

Complete the diagram below by labelling each section and adding images of food items that are appropriate to each section.

In the space below, explain why the section of the chart are not equal?

|  |
| --- |

## The Australian dietary guidelines

What are the 5 principle recommendations featured in the [Australian Dietary Guidelines](https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/guidelines/australian-dietary-guidelines-1-5)? Answer in the space below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Principal | Recommendations |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |

## Recommended dietary intake

Use the [recommended dietary intake information for teenagers](https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/food-essentials/how-much-do-we-need-each-day/recommended-number-serves-children-adolescents-and) to complete the table below.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Age | Vegetables & legumes | Fruit | Grain (cereal) foods | Lean meat and poultry, fish, eggs, nuts | Milk, yoghurt, cheese | additional serves |
| Males  12-13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Females  12-13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males  14-18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Females  14-18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Complete the following instructions to create a graph to represent the above data.

1. Type the data from the table above into an excel spreadsheet (hint: ensure the numbers are integers – for example 5.5 instead of 5½).
2. Highlight all the cells in the table and click insert – recommended charts.
3. Select a suitable chart that will represent all your data and click ok.
4. Resize and edit the chart so the data is easy to read and the chart details, including the title, are correct.
5. Save your spreadsheet and submit it to your teacher.
6. Copy the chart and paste it in the space below.

## Own dietary intake

Think back to the food you ate yesterday. Use the table below to note down everything you ate and tick which food group it fits into. Total the amount of each food group you ate at the bottom of the table.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Meal | Food eaten | Vegetable | Fruit | Grain (cereal) foods | Lean meat and poultry | Milk, yoghurt, cheese |
| Breakfast |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morning tea |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lunch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Afternoon tea |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dinner |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Snack |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drinks |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | **Total of each food group** |  |  |  |  |  |

## Diet analysis

Using the information from the previous table, answer the following questions in the space provided.

**Did you meet all the recommended dietary intakes?**

|  |
| --- |

**If not, what food group(s) were you lacking?**

|  |
| --- |

**Did you drink enough water?**

|  |
| --- |

**What could this mean for your health?**

|  |
| --- |

**How could you incorporate more of the food group(s) you lacked into your diet?**

|  |
| --- |

**Where you aware that you were/were not meeting the Australian dietary guidelines for healthy eating?**

|  |
| --- |

**How do we know that the data is correct?**

|  |
| --- |

## Successful meal planning

**How do individuals know if they are eating healthily?**

|  |
| --- |

**Using the diagram below, brainstorm criteria you could use to ensure you eat the recommended dietary intakes for each food group.**

## Meal planning for adolescents

Based on the recommended dietary intakes for your age group, plan a day’s meals in the table below, to ensure you consume the recommended quantities for each food group. Include drinks with each meal.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Meal | Foods | Food group | serving |
| Breakfast |  |  |  |
| Morning tea |  |  |  |
| Lunch |  |  |  |
| Afternoon tea |  |  |  |
| Dinner |  |  |  |
| Snack |  |  |  |
| Other |  |  |  |

## Evaluate meal plan

**How does your meal plan meet your criteria for a successful meal plan? Answer in the space below.**

|  |
| --- |

**What modifications could be made to the meal plan?**

|  |
| --- |

## Food processing and nutrition

Using the [food processing and nutrition](https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/HealthyLiving/food-processing-and-nutrition) information and other reliable sources to answer the questions below in the spaces provided.

What is the main reason to process foods?

|  |
| --- |

What are some benefits of cooking foods?

|  |
| --- |

How can individuals preserve the nutrients of vegetables?

|  |
| --- |

What are water soluble vitamins?

|  |
| --- |

Why are water soluble vitamins the most vulnerable during processing?

|  |
| --- |

Different processes have different effects on food nutrient content. Complete the table below by describing each process and outlining the effect of different process on food.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Process | Description of process | Effect on food |
| Fertilisers |  |  |
| Milling |  |  |
| Blanching |  |  |
| Canning |  |  |
| Freezing |  |  |
| Pasteurisation |  |  |
| High pressure processing |  |  |
| Dehydrating |  |  |
| Peeling |  |  |
| Cooking |  |  |

## Recipe analysis and modification

Investigate and suggest how a recipe can be improved to enhance the nutritional value and justify the recipe adjustment. Find a recipe suitable for a complete dinner meal. Write the recipe in the template below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Recipe | Details |
| Recipe name |  |
| Servings |  |
| Ingredients |  |
| Method |  |

**For the identified recipe, collate the servings of each food group in the table below.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Servings | Vegetables & legumes | Fruit | Grain (cereal) foods | Lean meat and poultry, fish, eggs, nuts | Milk, yoghurt, cheese |
| Servings for all servings |  |  |  |  |  |
| Servings per person |  |  |  |  |  |

**What food groups are missing or low?**

|  |
| --- |

**How could you modify the recipe to increase servings of the missing or low food groups?**

|  |
| --- |

**Explain how this meal could form part of a balanced diet?**

|  |
| --- |

## Marking rubrics

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson 1 | Grade |
| Students outline major nutrients.  Students identify multiple primary food sources of nutrients by group.  Students outline the Australian guide to healthy eating.  Student complete the pictorial pie chart representing the Australian guide to healthy eating with multiple images of foods for each food group.  Students extensively outline the 5 principle recommendations featured in the Australian dietary guidelines. | A |
| Students outline major nutrients.  Students identify primary food sources of nutrients by group.  Students outline the Australian guide to healthy eating.  Student complete the pictorial pie chart representing the Australian guide to healthy eating with images of foods for each food group.  Students outline the 5 principle recommendations featured in the Australian dietary guidelines. | B |
| Students outline most of the major nutrients.  Students identify some primary food sources of nutrients by group.  Students outline the Australian guide to healthy eating.  Student complete the pictorial pie chart representing the Australian guide to healthy eating with some images of food.  Students list the 5 principle recommendations featured in the Australian dietary guidelines. | C |
| Students outline most of the major nutrients.  Students identify some primary food sources of nutrients by group.  Students outline the Australian guide to healthy eating.  Student source some images of food.  Students list the some of the principle recommendations featured in the Australian dietary guidelines. | D |
| Students made a minimal attempt. | E |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson 2 | Grade |
| Students outline the recommended dietary intake of a group in society – adolescents (males 12 – 13 and 14 – 18 and females 12 – 13 and 14 – 18).  Students create a spreadsheet and generate a high quality chart relating the data of the recommended dietary intake on adolescents and submit spreadsheet to teacher.  Students maintain a food log for 1 day and correctly identify and total the number of serves of each food group they consume.  Student analyse their own diet and make insightful judgements and recommendations. | A |
| Students identify the recommended dietary intake of a group in society – adolescents (males 12 – 13 and 14 – 18 and females 12 – 13 and 14 – 18).  Students create a spreadsheet and generate a chart relating the data of the recommended dietary intake on adolescents and submit spreadsheet to teacher.  Students maintain a food log for 1 day and correctly identify and total the number of serves of each food group they consume.  Student analyse their own diet and make judgements and or recommendations. | B |
| Students identify the recommended dietary intake of a group in society – adolescents (males 12 – 13 and 14 – 18 and females 12 – 13 and 14 – 18).  Students create a spreadsheet and generate a chart relating the data of the recommended dietary intake on adolescents.  Students maintain a food log and identify some of the food groups consumed.  Student analyse their own diet and make judgements or recommendations. | C |
| Students identify some of the recommended dietary intake of a group in society – adolescents (males 12 – 13 and 14 – 18 and females 12 – 13 and 14 – 18).  Students create a spreadsheet and generate a chart relating the data of the recommended dietary intake on adolescents.  Students list some foods and identify some of the food groups consumed. | D |
| Students made a minimal attempt. | E |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson 3 | Grade |
| Students outline how individuals can confirm if their diet is considered healthy.  Students develop an extensive range of criteria for successful meal planning (this should include reference to the Australian guide to healthy eating and recommended dietary intakes).  Students create a whole day meal plan for an adolescent, identifying the food groups in each serving.  Students evaluate their meal plan, referencing their criteria for success and suggest possible modifications to the plan. | A |
| Students identify how individuals can confirm if their diet is considered healthy.  Students develop a broad range of criteria for successful meal planning (this should include reference to the Australian guide to healthy eating and recommended dietary intakes).  Students create a whole day meal plan for an adolescent, identifying the food groups in each serving.  Students evaluate their meal plan, referencing their criteria for success and suggest possible modifications to the plan. | B |
| Students identify how individuals can make healthy food choices.  Students develop a range of criteria for successful meal planning (this should include reference to the Australian guide to healthy eating and recommended dietary intakes).  Students create a meal plan for an adolescent, identifying the food groups in each serving.  Students evaluate their meal plan, referencing their criteria for success. | C |
| Students identify how individuals can make healthy food choices.  Students develop a few criteria for successful meal planning.  Students create a meal plan for an adolescent  Students evaluate their meal plan. | D |
| Students made a minimal attempt. | E |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson 4 | Grade |
| Students complete activity by extensively answering questions on food processing and the effect on nutrients in food. | A |
| Students complete activity by generally answering questions on food processing and the effect on nutrients in food. | B |
| Students complete activity by answering most questions on food processing and the effect on nutrients in food. | C |
| Students answer some questions on food processing and the effect on nutrients in food. | D |
| Students made a minimal attempt. | E |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Lesson 5 | Grade |
| Students identify a suitable recipe and correctly input it into the template.  Students identify the servings of each food group present in the meal and convert them to per person servings.  Students extensively analyse the meal/recipe in reference to the recommended dietary intake and suggest possible modifications. | A |
| Students identify a recipe and correctly input it into the template.  Students identify the servings of each food group present in the meal and convert them to per person servings.  Students analyse the meal/recipe in reference to the recommended dietary intake and suggest possible modifications. | B |
| Students identify a recipe and input it into the template.  Students identify the servings of each food group present in the meal.  Students analyse the meal/recipe in reference to the recommended dietary intake and suggest possible modifications. | C |
| Students identify a recipe.  Students identify the servings of each food group present in the meal.  Students analyse the meal/recipe in reference to the recommended dietary intake. | D |
| Students made a minimal attempt. | E |